

Data reporting notes for NI 191, 192 and 193 for 2008/9 onwards.

This guidance note sets out particular points to bear in mind when reporting data for 2008/9 onwards. By following this guidance, the calculation methodology set out for the waste National Indicators will be correctly applied to your data in WDF. This note is only relevant for local authorities in England.

Questions 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 33, 34

Care should be taken in the reporting of rubble and it should be only included in the rubble category of these questions.

The recycling and reuse rejects reported here will automatically be assumed to be sent to landfill for the NI calculations. Therefore, if significant tonnages are involved which are *not* sent to landfill, these amounts should be reported in Qu19 (recycling) or Qu35 (reuse) with the appropriate destination of residual selected.

Question 18

The differentiation between household and non-household waste collected for recycling from other sources should be in line with the definition of household waste set out in the CLG guidance.

No rubble should be reported anywhere in this question. Any rubble collected for recycling or reuse should be reported in Question 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 33, or 34 depending on which is most appropriate given the source of the waste.

This reporting method is to avoid double counting of waste in the calculation of NI 192 and 191.

Question 19

If the destination of rejects is not completed, this will be assumed to be landfill and hence included in NI 193.

Question 23

The following rows are included in household waste:

All collected household waste (regular collection, street cleaning, bulky waste & other), CA site household, gully sweepings, asbestos and separately collected healthcare waste.

In line with the indicator guidance, waste arising from sweeping gullies should be counted as household waste. Waste from emptying drainage pots under the Highways Act should be reported as "Highways Waste" and will therefore not be counted as household waste.

Asbestos waste arising from domestic properties or any of the premises itemised in schedules 1 or 2 of the Controlled Waste Regulations 1992 is household waste. If asbestos arises from other sources, it should be reported under a non-household row in Qu23, such as construction & demolition wastes or CA site non-household.

Household waste includes clearance of any waste put out in contravention to section 46 of the EPA 1990 (e.g. 'side waste') but does not include clearance of waste deposited in contravention to Section 33 of the EPA 1990 (fly-tipped waste). Therefore any fly-tipped waste (Section 33) should be entered under "Waste arising from clearance of fly-tipped materials" and 'side waste' (section 46) should be entered under a collected household waste category.

Question 59

Appropriate outputs from waste treatment plants, including MBTs, may be included in NI 192. However, only waste which is sent for composting which meets the standards set out below can be included. Therefore, the outputs from Qu 59 (tonnes to biological treatment) should only include waste which is sent for composting which meets these standards:

“Composting” means, the controlled biological decomposition and stabilisation of organic substrates, under conditions that are permanently aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat. It results in a final product that has been sanitised and stabilised, is high in humic substances and can be used as a soil improver, as an ingredient in growing media, or blended to produce a top soil that will meet British Standard BS 3882, incorporating amendment No 1. In the case of vermicomposting these thermophilic temperatures can be foregone at the point the worms are introduced.”

Additional FAQs are available on the Defra website at <http://www.defra.gov.uk/environment/localgovindicators/ni191-193.htm>

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